

## Harmonisation of Ultrafine Particle Measurements

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## Overview

- Beyond particle mass
- Particle counting & sizing
- Legislative position
- State of harmonisation
- Conclusions



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## Beyond Particle Mass

Particle Size (microns)	Relative Mass	Mass concentration applies a size-cubed weighting to each particle measured $d^3$
0.05	1	
1	8 000	
2.5	125 000	
10	8 000 000	

Ultrafine = <100 nm = <0.1 micron = Nanoparticle



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## Size Weighting

- Number  $d^0$
- "Joint Length"  $d^1$
- Surface Area  $d^2$
- Volume/Mass  $d^3$

### What is the best weighting for my subject of interest?

- Chemical activity
- Health effects
- Environmental impact



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## Particle Counting

Rural ~  $10^3 \text{ cm}^{-3}$     Urban ~  $10^4 \text{ cm}^{-3}$     Kerbside ~  $10^5 \text{ cm}^{-3}$

### Aerosol Electrometer (AE)

- <10 nm
- Only charged particles of one polarity
- Concentration  $>10^3 \text{ cm}^{-3}$
- Mainly lab reference instrument

### ~~Optical Particle Counter (OPC)~~

- >300 nm
- Also particle sizing

### Condensation Particle Counter (CPC)

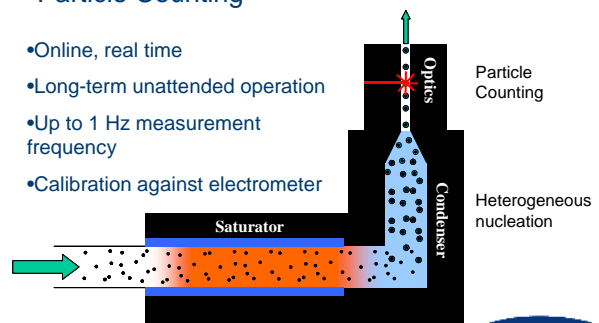
- <10 nm
- Concentration from Zero to  $>10^6 \text{ cm}^{-3}$
- No sizing information



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## Particle Counting

- Online, real time
- Long-term unattended operation
- Up to 1 Hz measurement frequency
- Calibration against electrometer



Transfer of working fluid to vapour phase



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## Particle Sizing

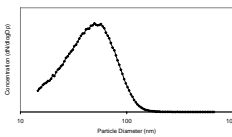
**Size Selecting Device + Particle Counter = Size Distribution Device**

- Differential Mobility (<1000 nm)
- Impaction (>100 nm)

**Typical Modes in Ambient Air**

- Nucleation ~50 nm **OR** Nucleation <10 nm & Aitken 10-50 nm
- Accumulation ~50-1000 nm
- Coarse >1000 nm

(AQEG (2005) Particulate Matter in the UK, Defra, London.)



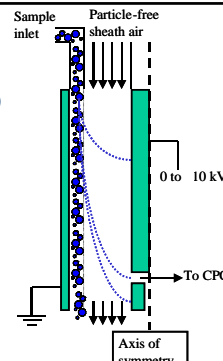
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## Particle Sizing

### Differential Mobility Analyser (DMA)

- Particles carry small & finite number of charges
- Electric field applied perpendicular to laminar flow field
- Particles cut across flow streamlines at velocity determined by the ratio of aerodynamic drag to electrical force
- Narrow sampling apertures allow selection of a single mobility




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## Particle Sizing

- Scanning/Stepping Mobility Particle Sizer/Spectrometer (SMPS)
- Online, real time
- Long-term unattended operation
- Measurements up once every minute
- Calibration for size against traceable Polystyrene Latex (PSL) nanospheres



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## Legislation

- Air Quality
  - No regulatory requirement yet
- Vehicle Emissions
  - UNECE Regulation 83 for road vehicles
  - Aviation emissions, overseen by EASA & SAE-E31
- Toxicology (inhalation)
  - No nanoparticle-specific requirements
  - Defra voluntary reporting scheme

Similar measurements required for many different applications

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## State of Harmonisation- Overview

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## ISO Standards

- ISO 15900:2009
  - Determination of particle size distribution -- Differential electrical mobility analysis for aerosol particles
- ISO 27891 (in progress)
  - Aerosol particle number concentration -- Calibration of condensation particle number counters
- Both are general in scope to ensure relevance to many applications

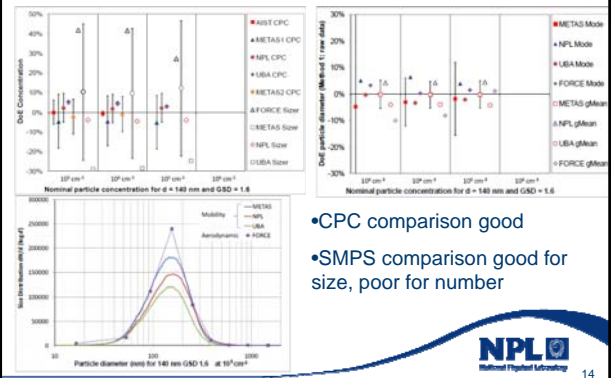
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## NMI activities

- EURAMET 1027
  - Comparison of combustion particle number concentration and size
  - Experiments held at METAS in November 2008
  - Participants: METAS, NPL, AIST, UBA, DFM, FORCE technology
  - Report available from [www.euramet.org](http://www.euramet.org)
- CCQM Key Comparison
  - Agreement in principle, with measurements due in 2010/2011

## EURAMET 1027- Results



- CPC comparison good
- SMPS comparison good for size, poor for number

## Air Quality

- CEN/TC 264
  - Air quality -- Determination of the particle number concentration of atmospheric aerosol
- European Supersites for Atmospheric Aerosol Research (EUSAAR)
  - Standardised measurement protocols, intercomparisons and quality assurance
  - UK Particle Network upgraded to align with EUSAAR specifications



## Vehicle Emissions

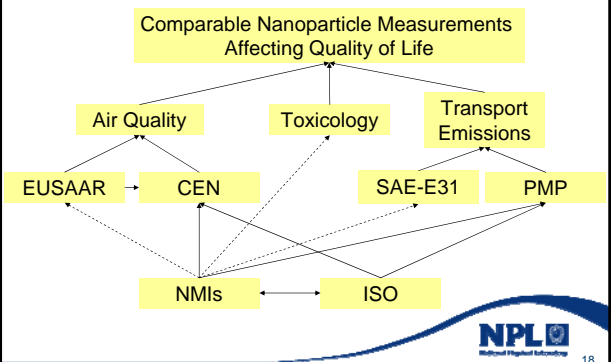
- Shift from particle mass to number on transition from EURO4 to EURO5
- Measurement/calibration procedures developed by the Particle Measurement Programme (PMP)
- Many lessons learnt relevant to other applications



## Toxicology

- National Nano-toxicology Research Centre
  - Collaboration between academic and government organisations
- £1M investment so far by the Health Protection Agency
- Laboratory facility near completion
- First symposium held in November 2009

## How it all fits together...



## Conclusions

- Size-weighting of traditional measurements has required the development of Ultrafine particle measurements.
- Many applications require similar measurements but with different constraints.
- The metrology and standards supporting particle counting/sizing is developing on many fronts to support anticipated future scientific and legislative needs.

Thank you

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## Upcoming Meetings

- RSC PCIG- Characterisation of sub-micron and nano sized materials
  - 17th March 2010, Royal Pharmaceutical Society
- Aerosol Society- Annual Aerosol Science Conference
  - 8th & 9th April 2010, Southampton
- Metrology of Airborne Nanoparticles, Standardisation and Applications (MANSA)
  - 8th - 10th June 2010, NPL. [www.npl.co.uk/events/mansa](http://www.npl.co.uk/events/mansa)
- 14th ETH-Conference on Combustion Generated Nanoparticles
  - 2nd - 4th Aug 2010, Zurich
- International Aerosol Conference
  - 29th Aug - 3rd Sep 2010, Helsinki
- European Aerosol Conference
  - 2011, Manchester